Sr. No.

Client Question
ID Question Body and Alternatives Marks Negative

Marks
Objective Question
1 1 The term Libra means 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
2 2 The Indian Pharmacopoeia Commission was established in the year 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
3 3 Lymphocytes constitute ———————% of circulating white blood cells. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
4 4 Haematuria is presence of ——————— in urine. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
5 5 Name the enzyme which is used in the treatment of leukemias? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
6 6 All amino acids have optical isomers except 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
7 7 The biochemical test used to detect Ketone bodies in urine is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
8 8 The lipoprotein that transports cholesterol from peripheral tissue to liver is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
9 9 Drug of choice for mass drug administration in case of filariasis is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
10 10 Trismus is the most common symptom of 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
11 11 Which of the following is not a water-washed disease? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
12 12 BCG vaccination provides protection against 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
13 13 Vanaspathi ghee is fortified with 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
14 14 One of the following contains maximum calcium 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
15 15 A state of rigidity of muscle fibres after death is called 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
16 16 ——————— are the receiving or input portions of a neuron. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
17 17 Vomiting center is located in 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
18 18 The most essential element required for the formation of Thyroid hormone is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
19 19 QRS complex in ECG is due to 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
20 20 Duration of atrial diastole is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
21 21 The type of collagen fibers present in the connective tissue of the tendon is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
22 22 The red pigment haemoglobin is present in 1.0 0.00

Objective Question

23 23 In which year of the 11

th August, Drug Enquiry Committee was appointed by the Viceroy of India? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
24 24 Among the following which one is not in the Code of Pharmaceutical Ethics for a qualified Registered Pharmacist? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
25 25 Advertisements claiming cure of cancer is an example of ——————— advertisement. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
26 26 The Education Regulation 1991 was laid down by 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
27 27 Mention the form numbers in which Import Licence is granted for drugs specified in Schedule C and C1, excluding those
specified in Schedule X

1.0 0.00

Objective Question
28 28 Schedule N of Drugs and Cosmetics Act deals with 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
29 29 Extractive industries are also called ——————— industries. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
30 30 Poisonous medications should be 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
31 31 Trial Balance is a 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
32 32 Working capital ratio is also known as 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
33 33 Unit Trust of India (UTI) was established in 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
34 34 ——————— technique is used to find out how much of the inventory is to be ordered. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
35 35 The First National Health Policy (NHP) was framed and developed in 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
36 36 Drugs stored in cool temperature are stored at 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
37 37 Individual prescription order belongs to 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
38 38 Straight catheter is designed for 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
39 39 Agents used for reducing acidity in stomach is termed as 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
40 40 Bioavailability is defined as 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
41 41 Anti-hypertensive drug combinations to be avoided ‘except’

β -Blocker (Atenolol)

β -Blocker (Atenolol)

β -Blocker (Atenolol)

1.0 0.00

Objective Question
42 42 What type of biological characteristics can be predicted in paracetamol adverse drug reaction causing Hepatotoxicity? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
43 43 The autocoid used for abortion is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
44 44 The most effective drug for the treatment of migraine is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
45 45 Which of the following is a G protein coupled receptor? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
46 46 Which of the following drugs is commonly administered by intranasal route? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
47 47 Aspirin prolongs bleeding time by inhibiting the synthesis of 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
48 48 Which of the following drug is a angiotensin receptor blocker? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
49 49 The common side effect of thyroid hormones is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
50 50 Choose an emetic drug of central action 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
51 51 Selective Estrogen receptor modulator is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
52 52 Aromatase inhibitor 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
53 53 The following crude drugs are used as antiseptics, except 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
54 54 Balsams contains mainly acids like 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
55 55 Trachyspermum ammi is the botanical name of 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
56 56 The drug which belongs to Polygonaceae family is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
57 57 Boerhaavia diffusa belongs to the family 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
58 58 Stratified cork is present in 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
59 59 Which one of the following is water soluble? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
60 60 ——————— is used as galactogogue. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
61 61 VITALIS-MORIN TEST is answered by ——————— alkaloids. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
62 62 ——————— type of stomata is present in the crude drug Clove. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
63 63 Which one of these is an Antioxidant? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
64 64 Magnesium trisilicate has molecular formula

2

2

1.0 0.00

Objective Question
65 65 Dry ice is a solid form of 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
66 66 Sublimed Sulphur is used as a 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
67 67 How would you diagnose aplastic anaemia? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
68 68 Atomic mass of calcium is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
69 69 Which one of the following statements is correct? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
70 70 Sodium nitrite is prepared by 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
71 71 Bismuth Carbonate turns ——————— colour on exposure to sunlight for a long period. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
72 72 In the limit test for Arsenic, all the arsenic acid present is reduced to 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
73 73 Co-trimoxazole is a combination of 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
74 74 Brand name for Benzyl Penicillin Potassium is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
75 75 Aminophylline is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
76 76 The adrenergic blocker that exists in polymorphic form is ——————— 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
77 77 Quinidine is chemically 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
78 78 Adrenergic neuron blocker is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
79 79 The main molecular target for alkylation in DNA by alkylating agents 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
80 80 Elspar (L-Asparaginase) is used to treat 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
81 81 Which of the following is used to detect amyloidosis? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
82 82 Ibugesic is the brand name of which drug? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
83 83 Gelatin is used as emulsifying gel in the concentration of 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
84 84 Example of suspension produced by chemical reaction 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
85 85 Which one is not a Jelling agent? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
86 86 The maximum concentration of Selenium Sulfide in shampoos for treatment of dandruff is 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
87 87 Clean-up area means 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
88 88 To detect faulty seal packaging in the ampoules, the ampoules are completely immersed in 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
89 89 Some crystalline substances liberate water. This process is called 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
90 90 Snuffs are 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
91 91 The common criteria used to determine the correct pediatric dose of a drug 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
92 92 One drop is equal to 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
93 93 How many types of condensers are used in distillation? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
94 94 In the construction of Distillation Still, receiver is used 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
95 95 Which of the following is used to prepare Enteric Coating? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
96 96 Which type of tablet dissolves more quickly? 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
97 97 Food Stuff dehydrated by freeze drying are referred to as 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
98 98 Immunoglobulin and Cytomegalovirus immunoglobulin are administered by ——————— route. 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
99 99 In size reduction process, thermolabile substances can be milled by using 1.0 0.00

Objective Question
100 100 The porous medium used to retain the solids is described as the ——————— and the accumulation of solids on the
filter is referred to as the ———————

1.0 0.00

PREVIEW QUESTION BANK

Module Name : MRB Pharmacist-ENG
Exam Date : 26-Apr-2023 Batch : 10:15-12:15

A : Pound

B : Grain

C : Scruple

D : Gallon

A : 2006

B : 2005

C : 2004

D : 2003

A : 2 – 10%

B : 1 – 3%

C : 20 to 40%

D : 40 to 60%

A : White Blood Cells

B : Platelets

C : Red Blood Cells

D : Epithelial Cells

A : Asparaginase

B : Proteases

C : DNA polymerase

D : Alkaline phosphatases

A : Threonine

B : Phenyl alanine

C : Valine

D : Glycine

A : Benedict’s test

B : Rothera’s test

C : Hay’s test

D : Benzidine test

A : High Density Lipoprotein [HDL]

B : Low Density Lipoprotein [LDL]

C : Very Low Density Lipoprotein [VLDL]

D : Chylomicron

A : Rifampicin

B : Tetracycline

C : Diethyl Carbamazine Citrate

D : Mebendazole

A : Typhoid

B : Diphtheria

C : Tetanus

D : Gonorrhoea

A : Scabies

B : Trachoma

C : Cholera

D : Shigellosis

A : Pulmonary Tuberculosis

B : CNS and Disseminated Tuberculosis

C : Pulmonary and CNS TB

D : Pulmonary and Skeletal TB

A : Iodine

B : Vitamin A

C : Iron

D : Calcium

A : Rice

B : Wheat

C : Ragi

D : Jowar

A : Atrophy

B : Rigor mortis

C : Hypertrophy

D : Tetanus

A : Dendrite

B : Axons

C : Nucleus

D : Myelin

A : Medulla

B : Pons

C : Midbrain

D : Cortex

A : Calcium

B : Iron

C : Magnesium

D : Iodine

A : Ventricular depolarization

B : Ventricular repolarization

C : Atrial depolarization

D : Atrial repolarization

A : 0.1 sec

B : 0.3 sec

C : 0.7 sec

D : 0.5 sec

A : Type – I

B : Type – II

C : Type – III

D : Type – IV

A : Red blood cell

B : White blood cell

C : Platelet

D : Cell wall

A : 1948

B : 1930

C : 1955

D : 1940

A : Conduct of Pharmacy

B : Handling of preparation

C : Training Apprentices

D : Disclose the Secrecy of the prescription

A : Prohibited

B : Exempted

C : Bonafide

D : Permitted

A : Central Government

B : State Government

C : Pharmacy Council of India

D : State Pharmacy Council

A : Form 10

B : Form 10-B

C : Form 14

D : Form 24

A : List of minimum equipment for efficient running of a Pharmacy

B : Standards of cosmetics

C : Standards of disinfectant fluids

D : Standards for surgical dressing

A : Exhaustive

B : Synthetic

C : Genetic

D : Manufacturing

A : handled with caution and separated from other medications

B : Kept in refrigerator

C : Kept in room temperature

D : Should be kept with general medications

A : Ledger

B : Statement

C : Account

D : Summary

A : Liquidity ratio

B : Current ratio

C : Solvency ratio

D : Efficiency ratio

A : 1964

B : 1951

C : 1985

D : 1995

A : VED

B : Bin Card

C : EOQ

D : I-O Ratio

A : 1983

B : 1993

C : 2002

D : 1975

A : 8oC – 25oC

B : 2oC – 8oC

C : 30oC – 40oC

D : Above 40oC

A : Outpatient

B : Inpatient

C : Complete floor stock system

D : Unit dose dispensing system

A : Bladder

B : Intestine

C : Kidney

D : Liver

A : Adsorbent

B : Protective

C : Acidifier

D : Antacid

A : Rate of drug distribution

B : Rate of drug absorption

C : Rate of drug elimination

D : Rate and extent of absorption

A : Amlodipine +

B : Diltiazem +

C : Methyl Dopa + Clonidine

D : Diuretic +

A : Type A – Augmented reactions

B : Type B – Bizarre reactions

C : Type C – Chronic reactions

D : Type E – End of use reactions

A : Histamine

B : 5-Hydroxy tryptamine

C : Prostaglandin

D : Platelet activating factor

A : Ergotamine

B : Promethazine

C : Ondansetron

D : Risperidone

A : Muscarinic Cholinergic Receptor

B : Nicotinic Cholinergic Receptor

C : Glucocorticoid Receptor

D : Insulin Receptor

A : Adrenaline

B : Desmopressin

C : Ganirelix

D : Insulin

A : Cyclic adenosine monophosphate in platelets

B : Clotting factor in liver

C : Prostocyclin in vascular smooth muscle

D : Thromboxane A in platelets

A : Labetalol

B : Lisinopril

C : Losartan

D : Prazocin

A : Increase in basal metabolic rate

B : Angina Pectoris

C : Nausea

D : Exophthalmos

A : Ipecacuanha derivatives

B : Promethazine

C : Tropisetron

D : Apomorphine hydrochloride

A : Flumazenil

B : Tamoxifen

C : Diazepam

D : Halothane

A : Letrozole

B : Ketamine

C : Aspirin

D : Timolol

A : Neem

B : Curcuma

C : Benzoin

D : Guggul

A : Acetic acid + Benzoic acid

B : Cinnamic acid + Benzoic acid

C : Citric acid + Benzoic acid

D : Tartaric acid + Benzoic acid

A : Castor oil

B : Nutmeg

C : Catechu

D : Ajowan

A : Rhubarb

B : Nutmeg

C : Castor Oil

D : Arjuna

A : Genetaceae

B : Nyctaginaceae

C : Ranunculaceae

D : Rubiaceae

A : Rauwolfia root

B : Ipecac root

C : Aconite root

D : Aswagandha

A : Ergocristine

B : Ergocryptine

C : Ergotamine

D : Ergometrine

A : Shatavari

B : Linseed

C : Dioscorea

D : Garlic

A : Tropane

B : Quinoline

C : Pyridine

D : Purine

A : Anisocytic

B : Anomocytic

C : Paracytic

D : Diacytic

A : Kaolin

B : Calcium Carbonate

C : Bentonite

D : Sulphur dioxide

A : 3MgO.SiO

B : 2MgO.3SiO

C : 3MgO .SiO

D : MgO .SiO

A : Oxygen

B : Nitrous Oxide

C : Nitrogen

D : Carbon dioxide

A : Anti Amoebic

B : Scabicide

C : Keratolytic

D : Mucolytic

A : Bone marrow biopsy

B : Blood smear

C : Spleen biopsy

D : CBC

A : 35.002 u

B : 39.012 u

C : 40.078 u

D : 42.091 u

A : Barium Sulphate is soluble in water

B : Barium Sulphate is soluble in acids

C : Barium Sulphate is soluble in alkaline medium

D : Barium Sulphate is insoluble in water, acids and in alkaline medium

A : Strongly heating sodium nitrate

B : Strongly heating sodium carbonate with sodium nitrate

C : Strongly heating sodium nitrate with calcium carbonate

D : Strongly heating sodium nitrate with sulphuric acid

A : Pale Pink

B : Brown

C : Black

D : Yellow

A : Hydrogen Sulphide

B : Acetic Acid

C : Arsine

D : Trivalent Arsenic Acid

A : 5 parts sulphamethoxazole and one part trimethoprim

B : 4 parts sulphamethoxazole and one part trimethoprim

C : 3 parts sulphamethoxazole and one part trimethoprim

D : 2 parts sulphamethoxazole and one part trimethoprim

A : Crystalline Penicillin G

B : Sodium Penicillin G

C : Amoxycillin

D : Penicillin Fortified

A : Caffeine with Ethylene diamine

B : Theophylline plus Etophylline

C : Caffeine with Etophylline

D : Theophylline plus Ethylene diamine

A : Carredilol

B : Labetalol

C : Metoprolol

D : Atenolol

A : 6-methoxy cinchonan 9-ol

B : 6′-methoxy cinchonan 9-ol

C : 6-methoxy cinchonan 9-al

D : 6′-methoxy cinchonan 9-al

A : Atenolol

B : Prazosin

C : Methyl dopa

D : Guanethidine

A : N and N of adenine

B : N of Guanine

C : N and N of Guanine

D : N of Adenine

A : Acute Lymphoblastic leukemia

B : Breast Cancer

C : Ovarian Cancer

D : Lymphoma

A : Azovan blue

B : Congo red

C : Propyl iodine

D : Evans blue

A : Aspirin

B : Paracetamol

C : Indomethacin

D : Ibuprofen

A : 1%

B : 0.5%

C : 10 – 20%

D : 5 – 10%

A : Sulphur Lotion

B : Zinc sulfide lotion BPC

C : Sulphadimidine mixture BNF

D : Chalk and opium mixture BNF

A : Methyl Cellulose

B : Carbomer

C : Pectin

D : Dicalcium Phosphate

A : 10%

B : 1%

C : 2.5%

D : 25%

A : Area should be kept clean

B : Filling area

C : Finishing and packaging area

D : Disposal area

A : 2% crystal violet solution

B : 3% gentian violet solution

C : 1% methylene blue solution

D : 2% Amaranth solution

A : Efflorescence

B : Eutectic

C : Hygroscopic

D : Explosive

A : Nasal spray

B : Aerosols

C : Powders

D : Syrup

A : Age

B : Weight

C : Gender

D : Body Surface Area

A : 0.06 ml

B : 0.4 ml

C : 0.8 ml

D : 15 ml

A : Two

B : Three

C : Four

D : Six

A : To place materials to be distilled

B : As vaporising Chamber

C : To collect distillate

D : To condense the vapour

A : Cellulose acetate phthalate

B : Poly ethylene glycol 400

C : Sugar

D : Starch

A : Chewable tablet

B : Sublingual tablet

C : Film coated tablet

D : Enteric coated tablet

A : Gelsication

B : Fortification

C : Solidification

D : Sonication

A : Intravenous

B : Intramuscular

C : Subcutaneous

D : Intra thecal

A : Fluid energy mill

B : Ball mill

C : Hammer mill

D : Disintegrator

A : filter medium, filter cake

B : filter cake, filter medium

C : filter aid, filter cake

D : filter medium, filter aid